

Kubernetes Operations Deployment

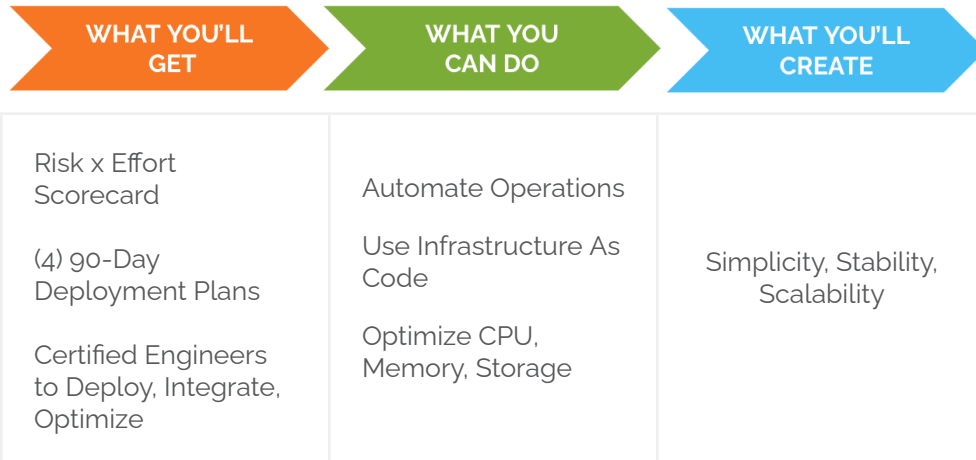
Kubernetes requires deploying and optimizing your environment to include an orchestrator (Red Hat OpenShift, SUSE Rancher, Open-Source Kubernetes), a monitoring tool (Dynatrace, Grafana, Prometheus), and a security tool (SUSE Neuvector, HashiCorp Vault, Sysdig Secure). You may also need flexible storage and backup (Portworx, Longhorn, Veeam Kasten) in your Disaster Recovery plan.



How To Leverage Your Legacy Infrastructure

- Map What You'll Leverage And Sunset
- Build 12-Month Optimization Plan
- Deploy Major Components Every 90 Days

Our Kubernetes Frameworks are designed to deliver simplicity, stability, and scalability to your Kubernetes environment. A Risk x Effort Scorecard will guide you through your Use Case, Internal Capacity and Capabilities, Risk Appetite, Timing, and Budget for us to create and execute your 12-Month Optimization Plan.



Our Deliverables

- Risk x Effort Scorecard
- 12-Month Optimization Plan
- Kubernetes Certified Engineers

Who Should Participate

Managers and Key Contributors from Operations, Cloud, and Security teams

What's The Process

- Step 1:
Review Health Assessment
- Step 2:
Build 12-Month Optimization Plan
- Step 3:
Deploy & Optimize Every 90 Days

What Influences Deployment

- Key Factors:
- Number of Clusters
 - Number of Containers
 - Number of Nodes
 - Prod/QA/Test/Dev Environments
 - Cloud, On-Prem, Hybrid

How To Get Started

Contact our team at info@shadow-soft.com

